

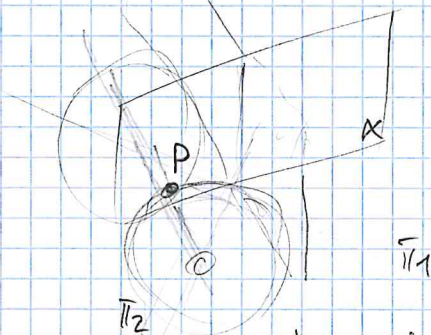
Ex 3.7.12

$$\alpha: 8x + y - 4z = 9$$

$$\beta: 6x + 3y - 2z = 5$$

$$P(2; -3; ?) \in \alpha: 16 - 3 - 4z = 9 \Leftrightarrow 4z = 4 \Leftrightarrow z = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow P(2; -3; 1)$$



\* centre de la sphère sur plan bissecteur de  $\alpha$  et  $\beta$ .

$$\frac{8x + y - 4z - 9}{\sqrt{64 + 1 + 16}} = \pm \frac{6x + 3y - 2z - 5}{\sqrt{36 + 9 + 4}} \quad | \cdot 63$$

$$56x + 7y - 28z - 63 = \pm (54x + 27y - 18z - 45)$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 20y - 10z - 18 = 0 & \Leftrightarrow x - 10y - 5z - 9 = 0 & (\Pi_1) \\ 10x + 34y - 46z - 108 = 0 & \Leftrightarrow 55x + 17y - 23z - 54 = 0 & (\Pi_2) \end{cases}$$

\* Soit  $d \perp \alpha$  et passant par  $P$ ,  $C_1$  et  $C_2 \in d$

$$d: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad k \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$* C_1 = \Pi_1 \cap d: (2 + 8k) - 10(-3 + k) - 5(1 - 4k) - 9 = 0$$

$$2 + 8k + 30 - 10k - 5 + 20k - 9 = 0$$

$$18k + 18 = 0 \Leftrightarrow k = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1(-6; -4; 5)$$

$$= D: \Sigma_1: (x+6)^2 + (y+4)^2 + (z-5)^2 = r_1^2 \quad \text{et } P \in \Sigma_1 \Rightarrow r_1^2 = 81$$

$$* \dots \quad r = 2\sqrt{61}$$

$$* \dots \quad C_2\left(\frac{138}{61}; -\frac{181}{61}; \frac{53}{61}\right) \quad \text{et } r_2^2 = \frac{324}{3721}$$