

## Ex 2.5.16

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3x+4)(x-1)}{(2x+7)(1-5x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 \dots}{-10x^2 \dots} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2}{-10x^2} = -\frac{3}{10}$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x+1)^7 (2x+3)^4}{(2x+1)^3 (x-98)^8} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x^7 + \dots + 1)(16x^4 + \dots)}{(8x^3 + \dots)(x^8 + \dots)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{16x^2}{8x} = 2$$

$$f) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2x^2 - 1}{x - 1} + 1 - 2x \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \right) + \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 - 2x)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2}{x} + 1 - \infty$$

= " $\infty - \infty$ " forme indéterminée

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2x^2 - 1}{x - 1} + \frac{(1 - 2x)(x - 1)}{x - 1} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cancel{2x^2} - 1 + x - 1 - \cancel{2x^2} + 2x}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x - 2}{x - 1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x}{x} = 3$$